

## **Common Canning Problems**

**Problem:** Canned foods; loss of liquid from glass jars during processing. This is not a sign of spoilage; do not open to replace liquid. However, if at least half of the liquid is lost, refrigerate the jars and use within two to three days.

**Cause:** Lowing pressure in canner suddenly after processing period. **Prevention:** Do not force pressure down by placing canner in a draft, opening the vent too soon, etc. Allow pressure to drop to zero naturally; wait 2 minutes before opening.

Cause: Fluctuating pressure during processing in pressure canner.

**Prevention:** Maintain a constant temperature throughout processing time.

**Cause:** Failure to work out air bubbles from jars before processing. **Prevention:** Remove by running a plastic spatula or knife between food and jar.

**Cause:** Improper seal for the type of closure used. **Prevention:** Follow the manufacturer's directions for closure used.

**Cause:** Jars not covered with water in water bath canner. **Prevention:** Jars should be covered with 1 to 2 inches of water throughout processing period.

**Cause:** Starchy foods absorbed liquid. **Prevention:** None

**Cause:** Food packed too tightly in jars can boil over during processing and start a siphon. **Prevention:** Leave the appropriate headspace.

**Problem:** Imperfect seal; discard food unless the trouble was detected within a few hours. Canned food can safely be recanned if the unsealed jar is discovered within 24 hours. To re-can, remove the lid and check the jar sealing surface for tiny nicks. Change the jar if necessary; add a new treated lid and reprocess using the same processing time.

Cause: Chips or cracks in jar.

Prevention: Examine carefully by rubbing finger around the mouth of the jar.

**Cause:** Failure to follow recommended directions for closures used. **Prevention:** Follow manufacturer's directions.

Cause: Particles left on mouth of jar.

**Prevention:** A clean, damp cloth should be used to remove any seeds, seasonings, etc. that prevent a perfect seal.

**Cause:** Using old closures that should be discarded. **Prevention:** Do not reuse rubber rings and self-sealing metal lids. Do not use rusty bands.

Cause: Lifting jars by top or inverting while hot.

**Prevention:** Use jar lifters for removing jars from canner, grasping below lip. Leave in upright position.

Cause: Fat on jar rims.

Prevention: Trim fats from meats. Add no extra fat. Wipe jar rim well.